

ARTS AND CULTURE



Participation in arts and culture fosters community connection, wellbeing and inclusion, especially in new suburbs, where residents might feel isolated. The benefits of cultural participation are especially important for young people, First Nations communities, and women. Embedding creative programs in schools and community settings can reduce disengagement and foster lifelong participation.

CURRENTLY

- Many artists and organisations rely on short-term, casual or freelance work, leading to financial insecurity
- Victoria has lost many live music venues, particularly smaller, grassroots venues important for emerging

FUTURE

- A growing, multicultural population may require programming and creative content that reflects diverse identities and lived experiences
- New growth areas may lack creative workers, as well as sufficient arts and cultural spaces

CONSIDERATIONS

Current arts and cultural initiatives may need to:

Encourage diversified income for venues including co-working spaces or hybrid programming (music + community events).



distribute music and cultural events beyond central Melbourne



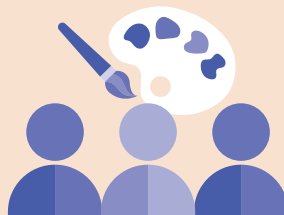
Arts and cultural initiatives may need to:

Develop special entertainment precincts, especially in outer suburbs and regional areas

Consider long-term employment opportunities that includes on-going training, especially for independent and early-career creatives



Develop creative spaces that are accessible and inclusive for diverse and growing populations



Use creative approaches in areas like education, health, social inclusion, and urban design

AGED CARE

AREA



Appropriate aged-care can help ensure the dignity, comfort and quality of life for older adults. It provides essential support, healthcare and social connection, helping seniors live safely. Aged-care can help maintain older people's independence, while providing support and offering peace of mind to families.

CURRENTLY

- Between 1986 and 2016, Victoria's population grew by approximately 50%, with people aged 80+ almost tripling
- Facilities in metropolitan areas are mostly larger than regional areas

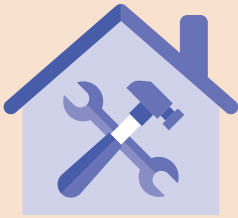
FUTURE

- Victoria's ageing population is set to triple by 2058, with around 27% of people aged 60+ from non-English speaking backgrounds
- Victoria will require an additional 20,000 aged care and healthcare workers

CONSIDERATIONS

Current aged-care strategies might need to explore:

Renovating housing so it's age friendly, culturally appropriate and meets in-home care needs



Expanding community programs, such as digital literacy and intergenerational programs to prevent social isolation

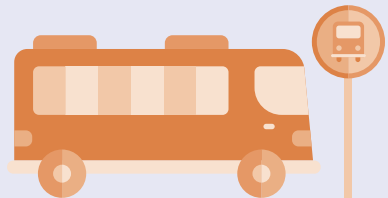


Future aged-care strategies might need to consider:

Developing smaller, community-based facilities in regional areas that cater to a variety of health needs, for example people with dementia



Expanding community-based transport services connecting employees to aged-care facilities and seniors to essential services



Training new aged-care workers, especially in regional areas, with an emphasis on supporting people from culturally and linguistically diverse communities

EDUCATION

AREA



Education empowers individuals with knowledge, skills, and opportunities. It drives personal growth. Quality education builds a skilled workforce, fosters innovation. It helps create informed, engaged communities, leading to better job opportunities and higher incomes. It promotes personal development, social inclusion and health awareness.

CURRENTLY

- There is already a demand for new schools and teachers in high growth areas
- Regional schools face additional challenges, including high student numbers and limited resources

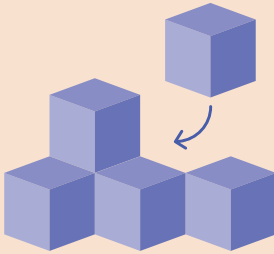
FUTURE

- An estimated 200 new schools are potentially needed in outer Melbourne and regional centres
- Rural areas are likely to need an increase in facilities and staff to prevent worsening teacher-to-student ratios

CONSIDERATIONS

Current education strategies may need to explore:

Using modular classrooms to quickly address overcrowding



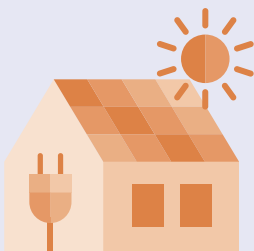
Expanding access to virtual schools and online learning resources for students in remote and rural areas



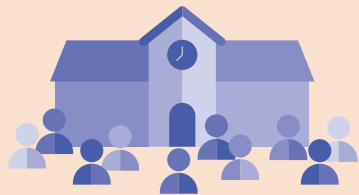
Future education strategies may need to explore:

Diversifying teacher training with streamlined pathways, such as teaching internships

Investing in sustainable building designs, such as solar-powered schools, and digital infrastructure



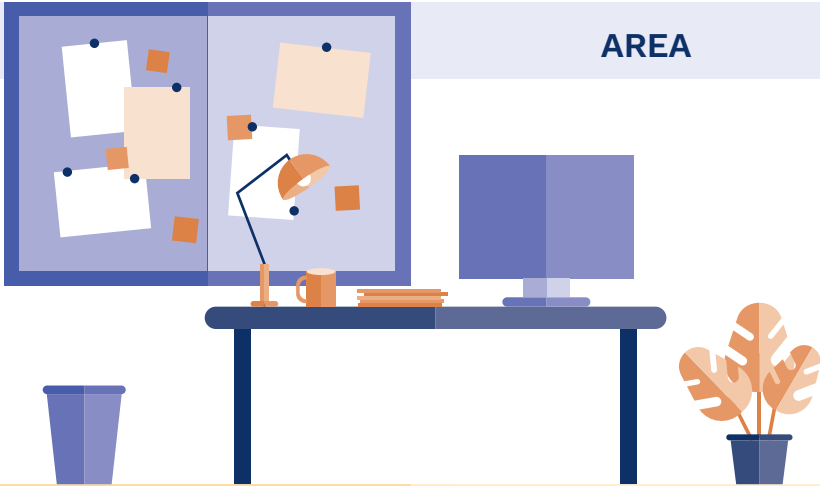
Collaborations between local councils and urban planners to ensure schools are built in areas of highest demand



Increasing access to in-school additional services, such as mental health professionals, reducing pressure on external essential services

EMPLOYMENT

AREA



Employment provides financial security for individuals and families, and supports mental health. Jobs drive economic growth and reduce poverty, and also foster social participation and inclusion. Disadvantaged jobseekers may face complex barriers leading to extended unemployment. Addressing employment opportunities for everyone helps to build stronger communities.

CURRENTLY

- Over 40% of jobseekers lack reliable access to public transport, limiting employment opportunities
- 15% of Victorian jobseekers cited inadequate digital skills as a barrier to employment

FUTURE

- The labour force may need to grow by 1.5 million workers, with regional centres such as Ballarat and Geelong needing potentially 500,000 workers
- Industries such as healthcare, construction, and renewable energy are expected to dominate job creation

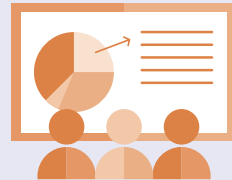
CONSIDERATIONS

Current employers may need to:

Encourage employers to adopt flexible hiring practices for disadvantaged groups, women and older and culturally diverse workers



Consider flexible training options, to be more responsive to high-demand roles and emerging technologies



Future employment strategies may need to consider:

Place-based employment programs for disadvantaged jobseekers, tailored to local business and community needs

Improving access to the internet and digital training to boost employment opportunities and workforce participation in regional areas



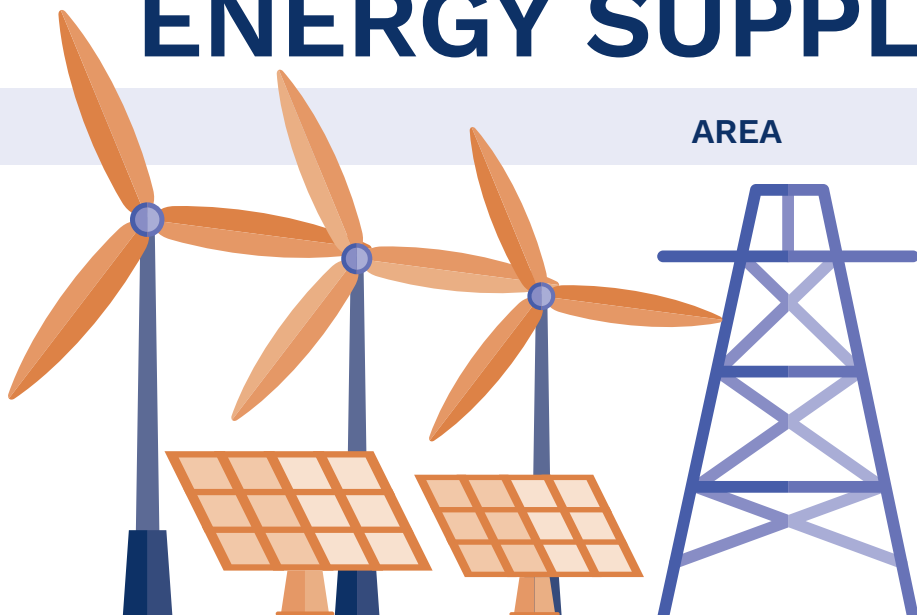
Increasing infrastructure (roads, housing and manufacturing) in regional centres for job creation



The location of essential services, such as health care and education, in relation to employment opportunities

ENERGY SUPPLY

AREA



A stable energy supply powers homes, schools, businesses, hospitals and other essential services. It supports daily convenience, access to technology, essential medical equipment and public safety. Reliable, affordable and clean energy also helps reduce environmental impact and ensures a sustainable future.

CURRENTLY

- Victoria has excellent wind resources and strong solar capacity
- Between 2009 and 2017 renewable energy generation increased from 5% to over 21%

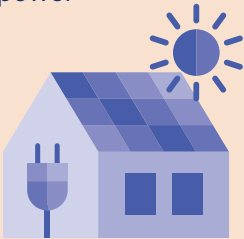
FUTURE

- Mass electric vehicle adoption could increase peak electricity demand by 30%
- Growing regional centres will need increased energy capacity to power homes, schools, transport, health services and industries.

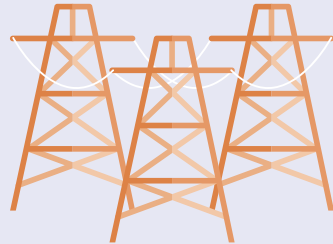
CONSIDERATIONS

Current energy supplies might need to consider:

Expanding the use of renewable energy sources such as rooftop solar and wind power



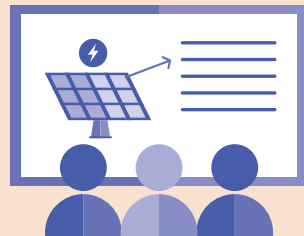
Upgrading electricity grids and infrastructure to cope with increasing electricity supply



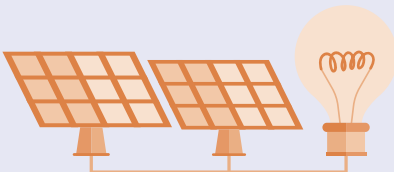
Future energy supplies might need to consider:

Decentralised renewable systems, such as microgrids or community batteries, to provide backup power and reduce blackout risks in dense or remote communities.

Creating new training programs to meet the employment needs of the renewable energy sector



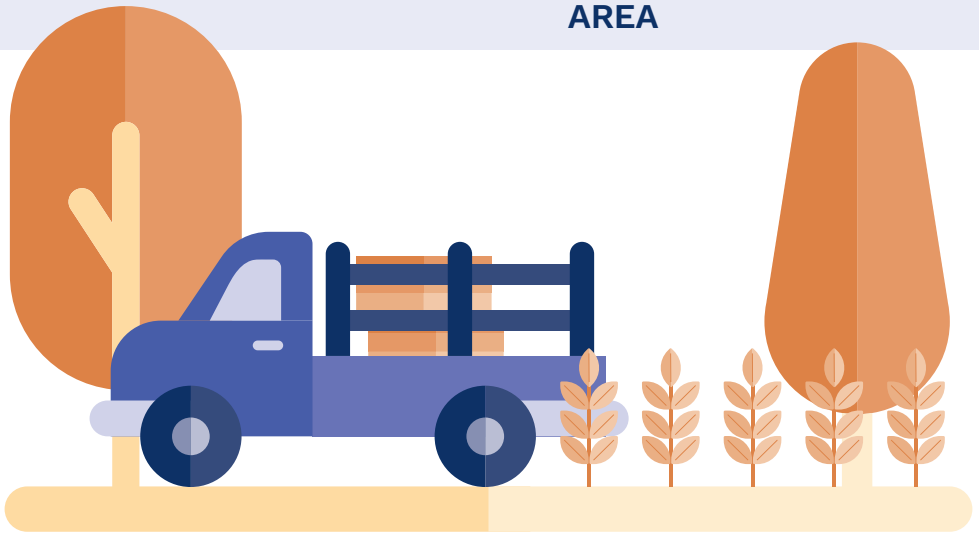
Integrating renewable energy infrastructure into future populations hubs



Hydrogen could be a potential alternative for home heating, cooking and transport.

FOOD SUPPLY

AREA



A reliable food supply ensures consistent access to nutritious food, which supports good health and well-being. It reduces hunger and food insecurity, stabilizes communities, and supports livelihoods in farming and food industries. A strong food system also helps respond to seasonal needs and environmental pressures.

CURRENTLY

- Expanding urban areas already impact peri-urban farmland that produces high-value crops like fruits and vegetables
- Victoria currently relies on international exports and centralised supply chains

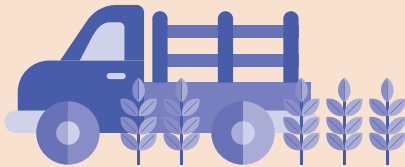
FUTURE

- Melbourne and major regional cities like Geelong, Ballarat, and Bendigo, are expected to have the highest population growth
- Expanding cities are likely to impact on green wedges and farmland critical for food production

CONSIDERATIONS

Current food supply strategies may need to include:

Protecting farmland within 100 km of Melbourne and regional cities from further development

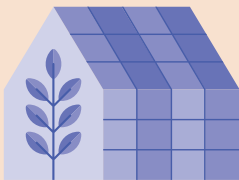


Strengthening local supply chains and diversifying food production, minimising food shortages and transport costs

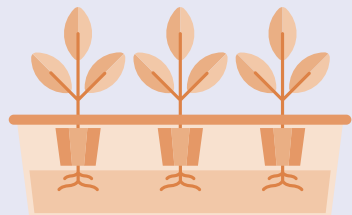


Future food supply strategies may need to consider:

Expanding local food production through urban agriculture initiatives like rooftop gardens and greenhouses, and community gardens and farms

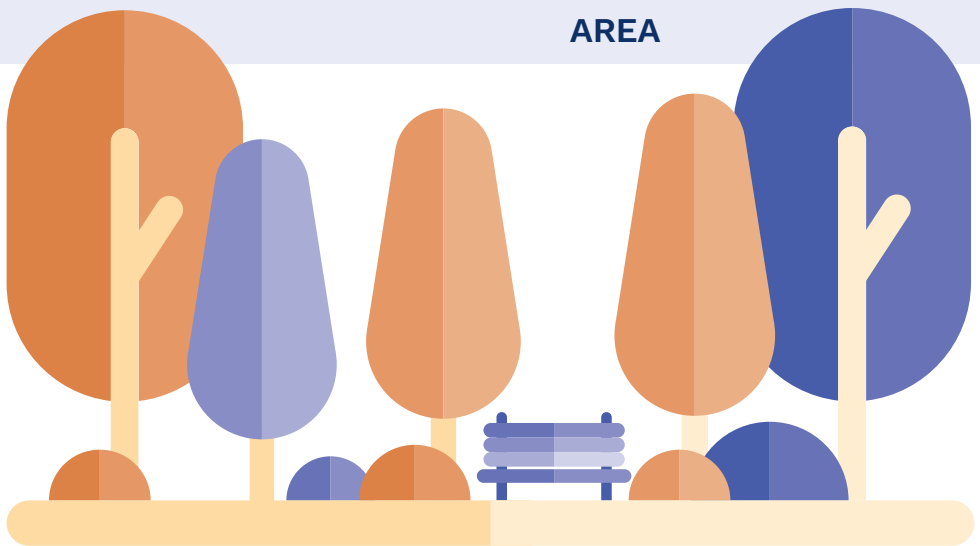


Incorporating agricultural technology, such as vertical farming and hydroponics, to increase local supply of greens



Promoting direct farmer-consumer relationships, through programs such as farm to plate, creating faster delivery of produce and reducing food waste, transport needs and international supply

GREEN SPACE



Access to green space supports physical activity and mental health, reducing health risks and enhancing community well-being. It provides spaces for community connections, sporting facilities, as well as recreational parks. Green spaces help cool urban temperatures, as well as enhancing biodiversity and reducing pollution.

CURRENTLY

- Access to open spaces is in some areas much lower than the ideal standard of 20m²
- Green spaces are in demand with growing home-based work

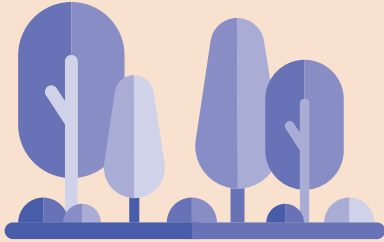
FUTURE

- An increase in housing density will increase the pressure on access to parks and open spaces
- Some regional areas are likely to grow by 30–40% by 2050, requiring new open community and green spaces

CONSIDERATIONS

Current green space strategies may need to include:

Expanding tree canopies and coverage to lower urban heat



Preserving green wedges and open spaces especially on the fringe of metropolitan and regional cities



Future green space strategies may need to consider:

Developing green spaces to connect towns to larger conservation areas, incorporating diverse uses such as walking, cycling, and passive recreation

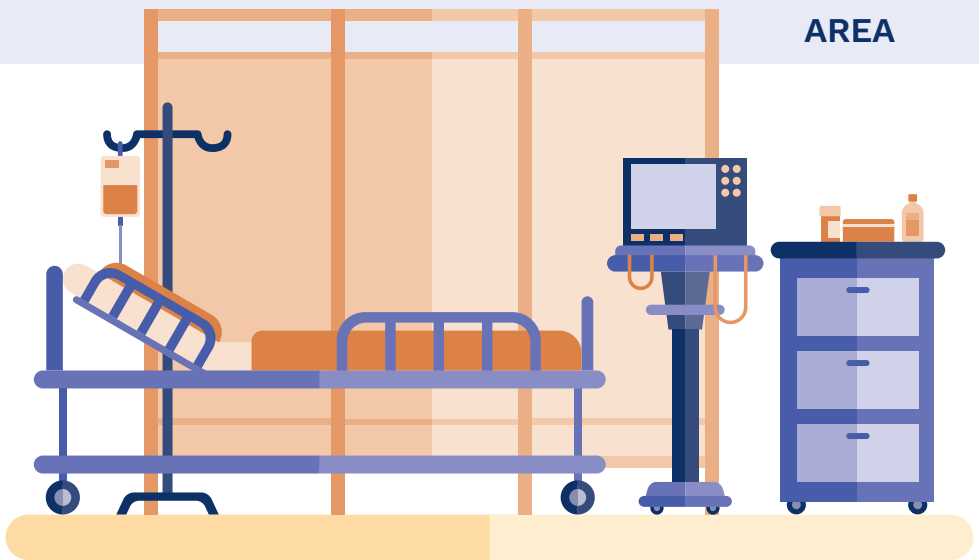


Developing vertical gardens, rooftop gardens, vertical forests and green corridors, to maintain liveability while accommodating more residents



Incorporating green spaces into urban planning to help offset the loss of private gardens and open spaces due to densification

HEALTH SERVICES



Quality health services provide essential care that keeps people healthy, safe and supported at every stage of life. Strong health systems improve quality of life, support an ageing population and help manage chronic disease. They also build resilience in times of crisis, ensuring communities remain connected, cared for and able to thrive.

CURRENTLY

- Vulnerable groups and people in regional areas may have difficulty accessing services
- Many health care areas, especially mental health and aged-care, are likely to be short staffed

FUTURE

- Growing population will increase demand for hospitals, mental health services and community care
- With a larger and older population, demand for aged-care, mental health and the need for chronic disease management is likely to rise

CONSIDERATIONS

Current health services may need to:

Expand current community health centres, aged care facilities and telehealth services



Strengthen integration between physical and mental health systems



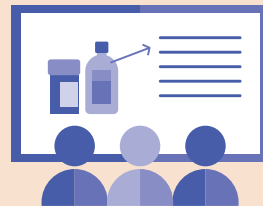
Future health services may need to:

Diversify the services to address the needs of an increasingly diverse community

Explore opportunities for preventative health options, such as diet, exercise and screening



Develop strategies for flexible training, recruitment of people with diverse skills and backgrounds, and retention of health care workers, especially in regional and remote areas



Create new health hubs with integrated services

HOUSING

AREA



Access to safe, secure, quality and affordable housing is considered a human right. Housing meets a basic need, such as the need for shelter and a place where people can feel safe. Consistent access to housing can provide people a sense of security and community.

CURRENTLY

- Victoria's population has become increasingly concentrated in Melbourne
- Melbourne's current urban density is 18 dwellings per hectare compared to Sydney's 25 and Vancouver's 36 dwellings per hectare

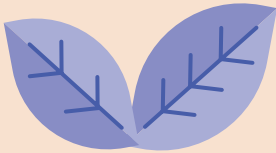
FUTURE

- Regional cities are likely to see an increase in population by 20-30% by 2035
- Areas on the outskirts of cities (peri-urban areas) are likely to see a rapid increase in population

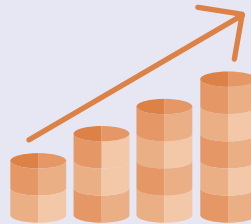
CONSIDERATIONS

Current housing may need to be:

Retro-fitted with up-to-date technology, for example charging stations for electric vehicles or more effective rubbish and waste disposal systems



Demolished to make way for higher density housing options



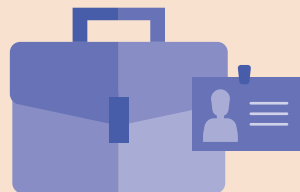
Housing developments may need to:

Include dwellings other than houses, to increase population density

Be built within existing urban areas to reduce the impact on farming land and therefore food supply



Be near current or new infrastructure, such as schools, employment opportunities, transport and hospitals



Met different design standards, including house size, amount of natural light and energy efficiency

REPRESENTATION



The Victorian Parliament is a representative democracy, that allows citizens to have their say on important matters through representatives that are elected through democratic processes, such as voting. Elections for both houses of the Victorian Parliament take place every four years. Each Victorian is represented by six MPs (1 lower and 5 upper house MPs) at the state level, and have additional representatives at local and federal levels of government.

CURRENTLY

- Disadvantaged groups face barriers to voting, while young voters demonstrate low participation rates
- Electoral boundaries are changed every second election to cater for population changes

FUTURE

- Rapidly growing areas will require for elections new polling stations, extended voting hours, and enhanced staffing to prevent overcrowding
- Victoria's population growth is likely to increase the number of people each member of parliament represents

CONSIDERATIONS

Current approaches to representation may need to consider:

Engaging with diverse groups to improve engagement with voting and parliament



Increasing accessing to electronic voting, especially for disadvantaged groups and/or remote areas



Future approaches to representation may need to consider:

Exploring different methods for representation, such as additional representatives, adding or removing chambers in parliament, or adding or removing a level of government

Different length terms for parliament (currently four years)

Adopting digital tools like online voter registration, electronic roll mark-off, and ballot scanning

Basing representation on something other than geographic location



Developing mobile voting units for rural communities

RETAIL AND BUSINESS



A strong business and retail sector can act as social hubs where people connect and interact. Local shops and businesses foster belonging, reflect cultural diversity and make everyday essentials accessible close to home. They help create employment opportunities for young people, migrants and those re-entering the workforce.

CURRENTLY

- Reliance on casual and part-time workers may make retail and hospitality outlets vulnerable
- Small businesses with both digital platforms and physical trade are likely to be more economically sustainable

FUTURE

- Online retail is expected to rise to 15–20%, from 10%, by 2030
- Rapid growth in metropolitan areas will drive demand for new retail precincts, hospitality venues and consumer services

CONSIDERATIONS

Current retail outlets and businesses may need to:

Redevelop shopping strips in suburban and growth corridors for better accessibility



Diversify revenue streams through online sales, using local supply chains and exporting goods



Future retail outlets and businesses may need to:

Attract and retain retail and hospitality staff through improved training and working conditions

Develop local solutions such as new shopping centres, logistics and delivery hubs, and local warehouses



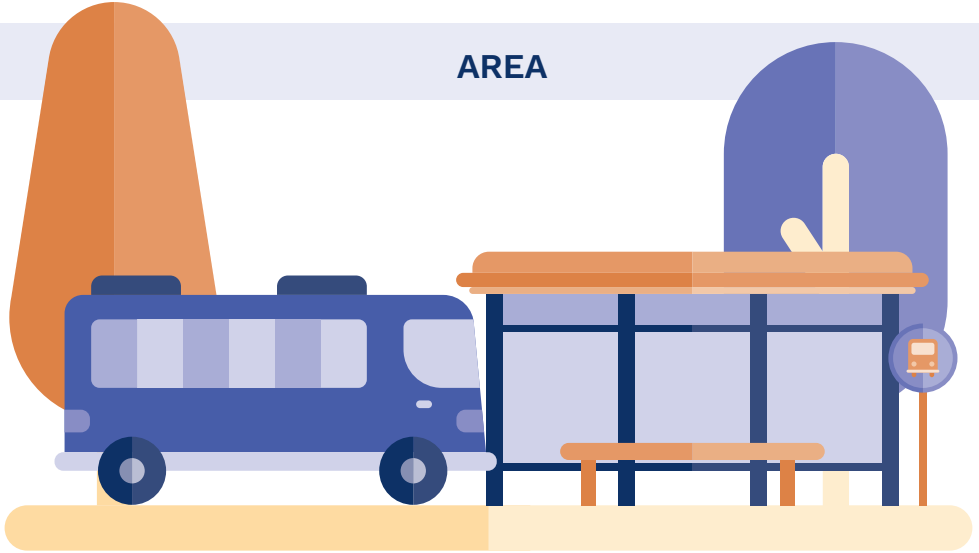
Develop new digital, transport and warehousing infrastructure



Consider increasing digital shopping, multicultural services and sustainable business practices

TRANSPORT

AREA



Transport connects communities, supports local businesses, and enables access to jobs, education, essential services and social opportunities such as sporting activities. Efficient transport systems reduce travel time and costs, and enhance safety. Reliable, affordable and sustainable transport can enhance safety, enable efficient movement of goods and reduce environmental impacts.

CURRENTLY

- Limited public transport in outside metropolitan areas reduces access to health services and social activities
- Reduced access to reliable public transport can limit employment opportunities

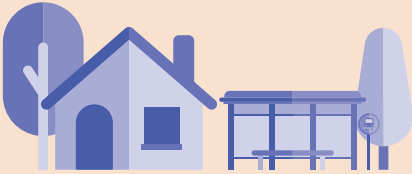
FUTURE

- Integrated transport networks will need to connect to high-growth areas where affordable housing is often located
- Improvements to public transport networks and infrastructure will open up job opportunities and could reduce commute times by 30%

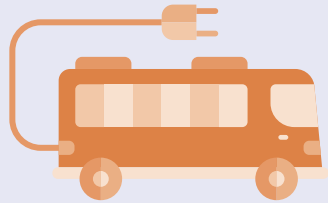
CONSIDERATIONS

Current transport strategies may need to explore:

Connecting housing developments, community spaces and employment opportunities with accessible transport options



Transitioning public transport to electric vehicles to provide affordable and sustainable options for underserved communities



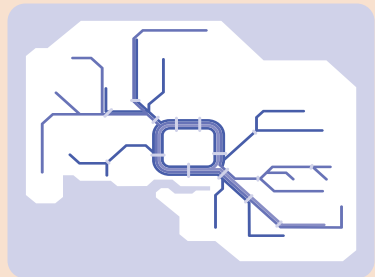
Future transport strategies may need to consider:

Developing local supply chains and businesses to reduce the need for transport, especially long-haul transport

Creating place-based employment programs that meet the local labour market needs and reduce the need for public transport



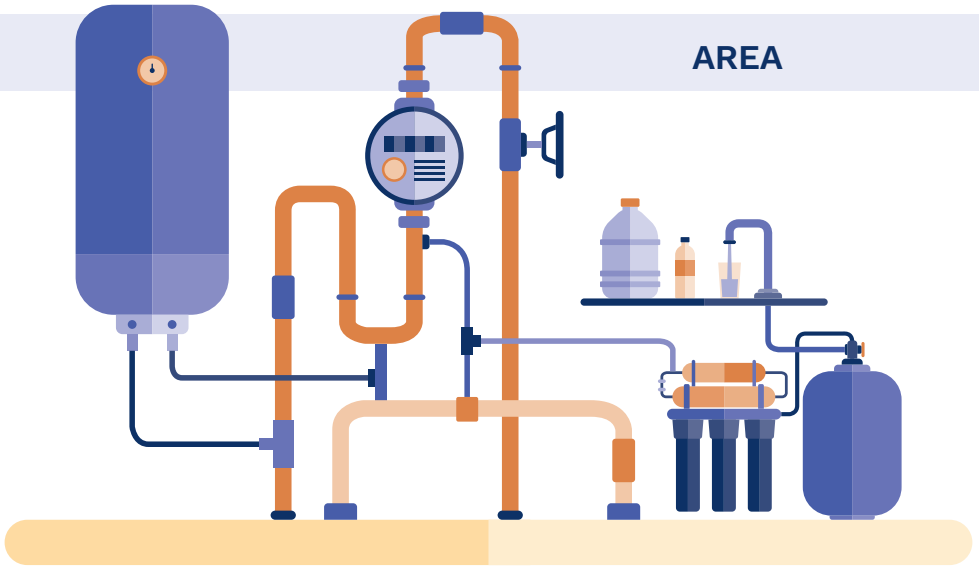
Improving public transport networks providing access to employment, essential services and social activities



Connecting public transport to new housing developments

WATER SUPPLY

AREA



A dependable water supply is essential for supporting health, hygiene, agriculture, and industry. It ensures safe drinking water, helps manage droughts, and sustains natural ecosystems. Protecting and managing the water source. A reliable water supply benefits people by providing clean water for drinking, sanitation, and hygiene, which is essential for health and well-being. It supports agriculture, food production, and industry, ensuring livelihoods and economic stability.

CURRENTLY

- Melbourne's daily water use is currently around 1,090 megalitres per day
- Less than 5% of Melbourne's wastewater is recycled for landscape irrigation, toilet flushing and industrial processes

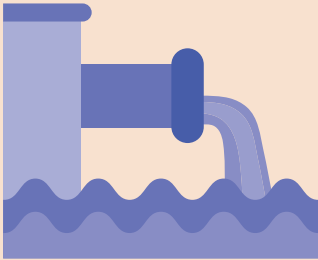
FUTURE

- Water demand based on current trends is projected to rise by 50–70% by 2070
- Increasing water supply issues are likely to also increase salinity and put additional strain on wetlands and water catchments that support both ecosystems and human consumption

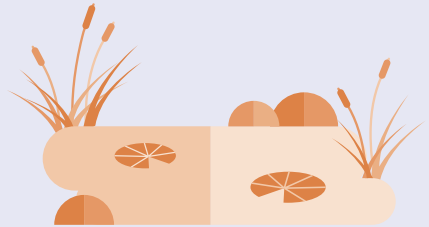
CONSIDERATIONS

Current water supply initiatives may need to:

Harness current stormwater runoff



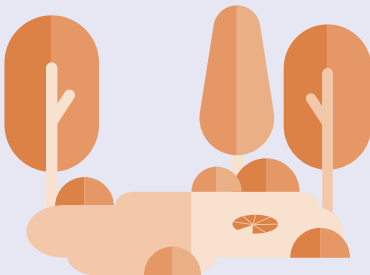
Maintain wetlands to reduce salinity and remove nutrients and sediments before the water enters rivers and bays



Future water supply initiatives may need to:

Increase recycled water schemes to meet both human and ecological water needs

Ensure sufficient water supply for irrigation of new parks and farmlands



Incorporate innovative designs like green roofs that could absorb up to 70% of rainwater, reducing urban flood risks and stormwater runoff



Restore wetlands and floodplains to reduce flood risks, improve water quality and support urban greening strategies

WASTE MANAGEMENT

AREA



Effective waste management protects public health, reduces pollution and conserves natural resources. Waste collection and disposal systems can support cleaner communities, minimize landfill impact, and promote recycling and sustainability. It helps to maintain a healthy environment and improve quality of life for current and future generations.

CURRENTLY

- In 2016-17, Victoria managed 12 million tonnes of waste; only 33% went to landfill
- Costs and resources for sorting and cleaning contaminated recycling is high

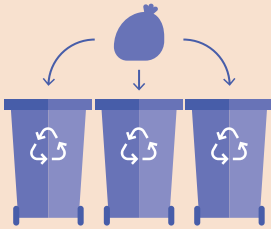
FUTURE

- Waste per person is likely to remain stable, but higher populations may result in higher overall waste
- By 2046, Victoria's waste management system is projected to manage 20 million tonnes of waste per year

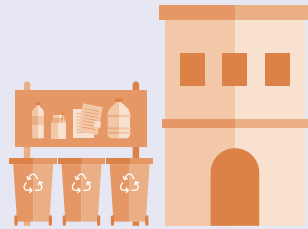
CONSIDERATIONS

Current waste management systems may need to consider:

Reducing high levels of contamination from recycling, including improvements to sorting materials



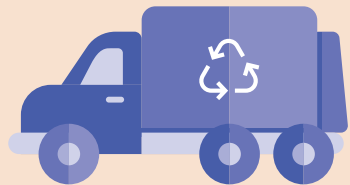
Retro-fitting apartments for the collection and recycling of high volumes of waste from one location



Future waste management strategies may include:

Developing regional and local waste recovery businesses to increase local processing, reduce transport costs and increase employment opportunities

Diversifying the number and types of companies responsible for recycling services



Fostering a circular economy, reducing waste volumes and reliance on landfill



Reducing the amount of food wasted and diverting any food waste from landfill, therefore reducing methane emissions from decomposition

ARTS AND CULTURE



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on arts and culture. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into:

- The development of new small venues
- Arts and cultural events for diverse populations

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of wayfinding signs (directions) that helps the people of Victoria in 2050 locate different parts of the arts and cultural industries and events. Consider:

What are the different sources of art and culture and where is it located?

What different signs might be needed? (think arrows and icons)

What colour coding and other design features might be able to help?

Will people be able to easily understand the different symbols and icons?

How might the signs be enhanced to help people who speak different languages or for people with low or no vision?

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the arts and culture area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of arts and culture in Victoria 2050



You must:

Include the development of new small venues

Design arts and cultural events for diverse populations

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas



You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



ARTS AND CULTURE



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on arts and culture. Therefore, there has not been much thought put into:

- The development of new small venues
- Arts and cultural events for diverse populations

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of wayfinding signs (directions) that helps the people of Victoria in 2050 locate different parts of the arts and cultural industries and events. Consider:

What are the different sources of art and culture and where is it located?

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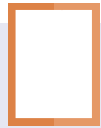
RULES

You must

Include the development of new small venues

Design arts and cultural events
for diverse populations

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original arts and culture card

You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

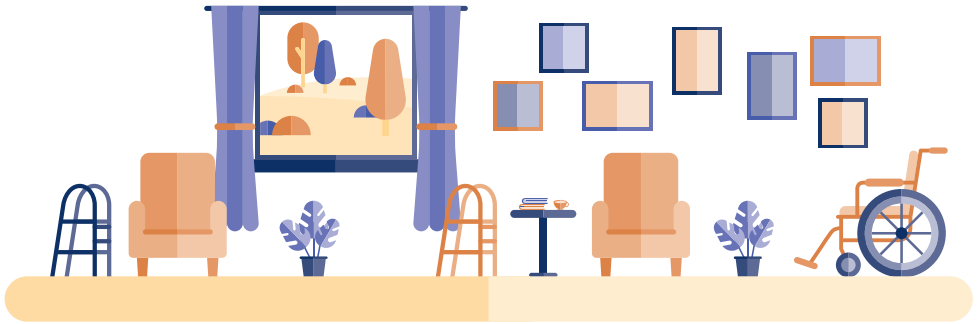
Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original arts and culture card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of arts and culture in Victoria



AGED CARE



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on aged-care. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- expanding community programs to address social isolation
- expanding community-based transport services for employees and seniors at facilities

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a magazine cover about aged-care for the people of Victoria 2050. Consider the following:

The magazine's brand.
(Think about design choices
for your key audience)

The title of your magazine

The main cover story and
image

what other stories (headlines
and teasers) will appear in
the issue

How often it is published and how much it costs. Is it print,
digital or both?

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the aged-care area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of aged-care in Victoria 2050



You must:

Consider community programs to address social isolation

Consider how to create community-based transport services

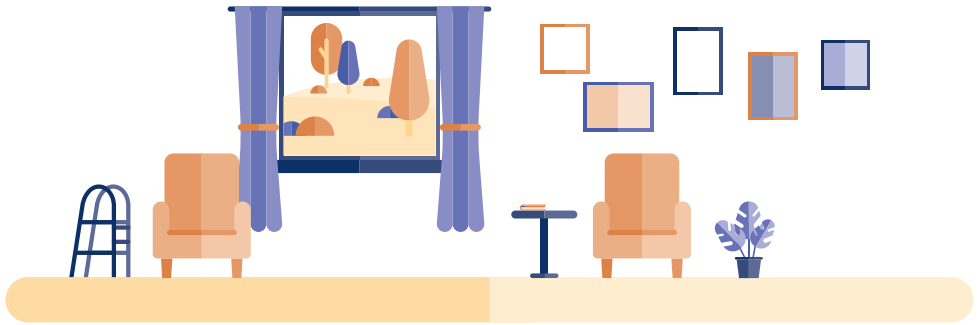
Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas



You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas

AGED CARE



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on aged-care. Therefore, there has not been much consideration of:

- expanding community programs to address social isolation
- expanding community-based transport services for employees and seniors at facilities

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a magazine cover about aged-care for the people of Victoria 2050. Consider the following:

The magazine's brand.
(Think about design choices
for your key audience)

The title of your magazine

The main cover story and
image

what other stories (headlines
and teasers) will appear in
the issue

How often it is published and how much it costs. Is it print,
digital or both?

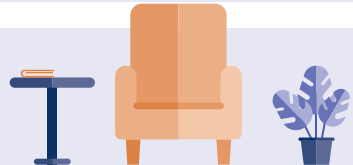
RULES

You must:

Consider community programs to address social isolation

Consider community-based transport services for employees and seniors at facilities

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original aged-care card

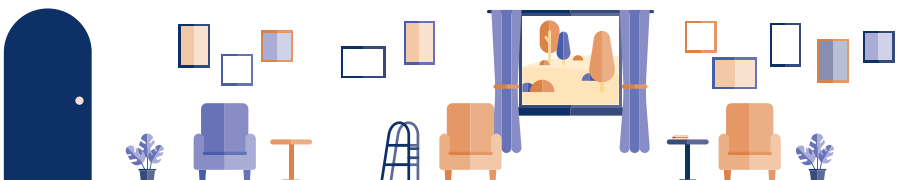
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original aged-care card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of aged-care in Victoria 2050



EDUCATION



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on education. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- expanding access to virtual schools and online learning resources
- the location of schools in high demand areas

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design product packaging for the education options available to the people of Victoria in 2050. Consider the following

The products and branding.
(Think about design choices
for your key audience)

The name and description of
the product

Any advice on how to
dispose of the packaging

The ingredients and direction for
use, as well as any important
storage advice (if applicable)

How the product is packaged. For instance, does the
packaging need to be durable, tamper proof or easy to reseal

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the education area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of education in Victoria 2050



You must:

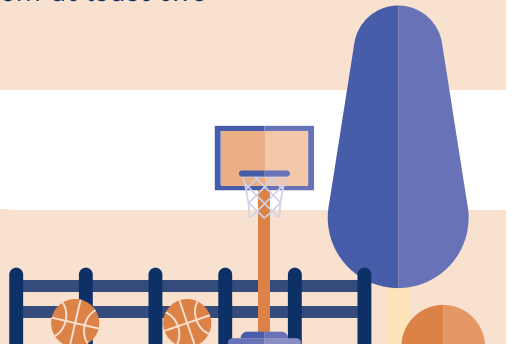
Consider expanding access to virtual schools and online learning resources

Consider building new schools in high demand areas

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



EDUCATION



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on education. Therefore, there has not been much consideration of:

- expanding access to virtual schools and online learning resources
- the location of schools in high demand areas

DESIGN CHALLENGE

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The products and branding.
(Think about design choices
for your key audience)

The name and description of
the product

Any advice on how to
dispose of the packaging

The ingredients and direction for
use, as well as any important
storage advice (if applicable)

How the product is packaged. For instance, does the
packaging need to be durable, tamper proof, easy to reseal

RULES

You must:

Consider how access to virtual schools and online resources has been expanded

Consider where new schools have been built

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original education card

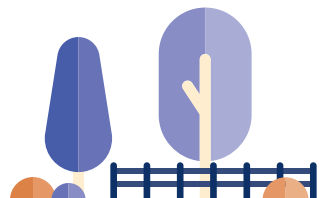
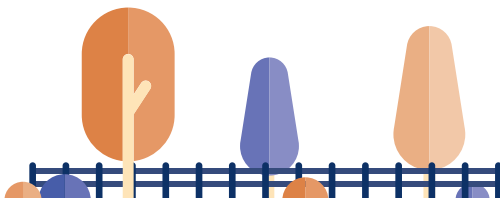
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

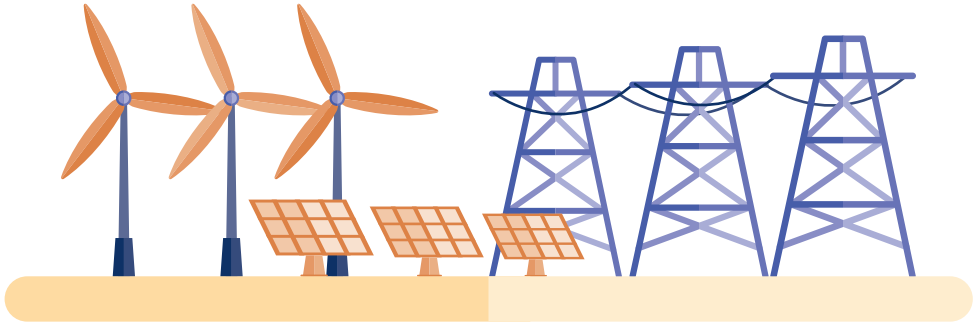
Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original education card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of education in Victoria 2050



ENERGY SUPPLY



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on energy supply. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into the:

- Renewable energy sources
- Supplying energy to homes, schools, vehicles and health services, especially in regional and remote areas

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a menu that provides the energy options for the people of Victoria in 2050? Consider:

What are the names of the different types of energy available?

What 'ingredients' (features) are in each type of energy supply?

Are people able to make alterations or substitutions? If so, are there limitations? If not, why not?

What, other than price, might determine the type of energy people choose use?

RULES

You may:

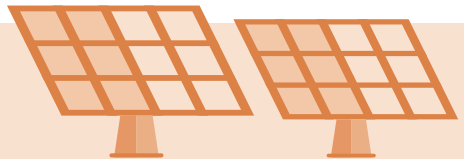
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the original energy supply card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of energy supply in Victoria 2050

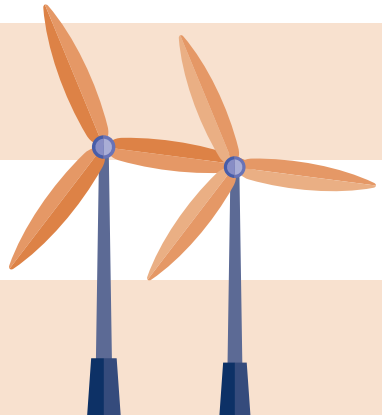


You must:

Include renewable energy sources

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

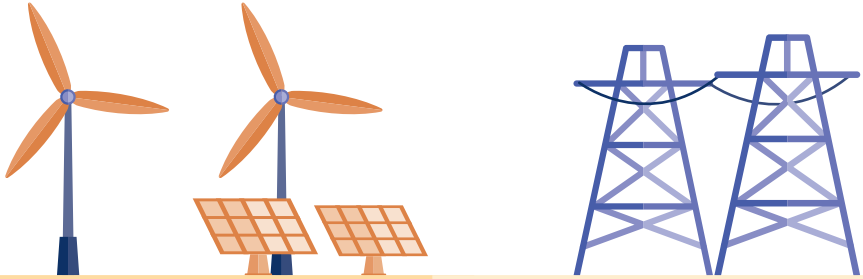
Consider supplying energy to homes, schools, vehicles and health services, especially in regional and remote areas



You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas

ENERGY SUPPLY



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on energy supply. Therefore, there has not been much consideration of:

- Renewable energy sources
- Supplying energy to homes, schools, vehicles and health services, especially in regional and remote areas

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a menu that provides the energy options for the people of Victoria in 2050? Consider:

What are the names of the different types of energy available?

What 'ingredients' (features) are in each type of energy supply?

Are people able to make alterations or substitutions? If so, are there limitations? If not, why not?

What, other than price, might determine the type of energy people choose use?

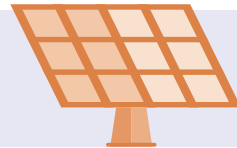
RULES

You must:

Include renewable energy sources

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area

Consider how to supply energy to homes, schools, vehicles and health services, especially in regional and remote areas



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original energy supply card

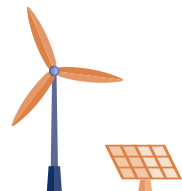
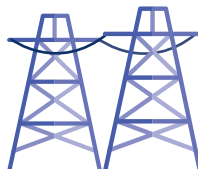
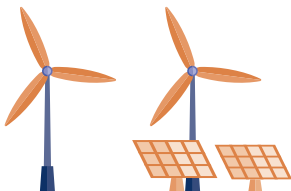
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original energy supply card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of energy supply in Victoria 2050



EMPLOYMENT



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on employment. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- flexible training options
- improving access to the internet and digital training, especially in regional areas

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a magazine cover about employment opportunities for the people of Victoria 2050. Consider the following:

The magazine's brand.
(Think about design choices
for your key audience)

The title of your magazine

The main cover story and
image

what other stories (headlines
and teasers) will appear in
the issue

How often it is published and how much it costs. Is it print,
digital or both?

RULES

You may:

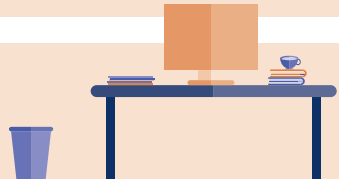
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the employment area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of employment in Victoria 2050

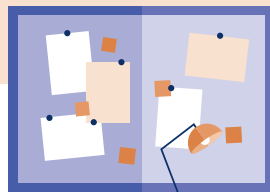


You must:

Consider flexible training options to increase employability

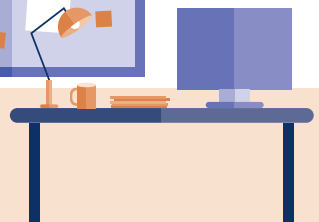
Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

Consider how to improve access to the internet and digital training, especially in regional areas

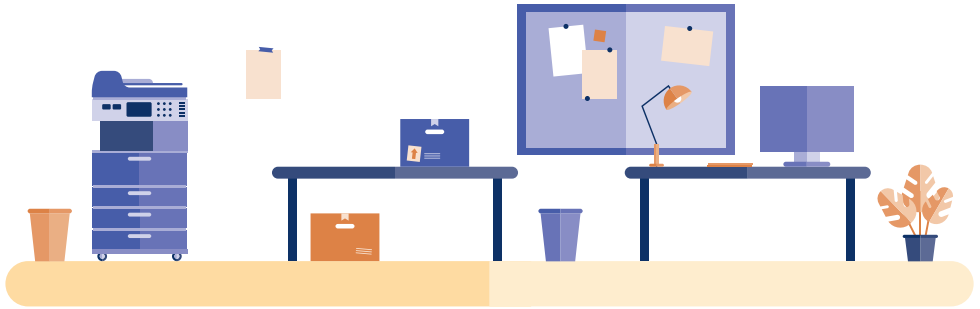


You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



EMPLOYMENT



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on employment. Therefore, there has not been much consideration into:

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- improving access to the internet and digital training, especially in regional areas

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Design a magazine cover about employment opportunities for the people of Victoria 2050. Consider the following:

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what other stories (headlines
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How often it is published and how much it costs. Is it print,
digital or both?

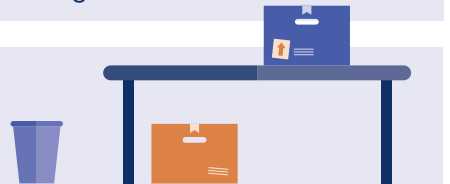
RULES

You must:

Consider flexible training options

Consider improvements to internet access and digital training

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original transport card

You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original employment card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of employment in Victoria 2050



FOOD SUPPLY



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on food supply. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- strengthening local supply chains and diversifying food production
- incorporating agricultural technology

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of wayfinding signs (directions) that help the people of Victoria in 2050 locate their food supply. Consider:

The different sources of food and where it is located

The different signs that might be needed (think arrows and icons)

What colour coding and other design features might be useful

The use of easy-to-understand symbols and icons

How the signs might be enhanced to help people who speak different languages or for people with low or no vision

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the food supply area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of food supply in Victoria 2050



You must:

Consider strengthening local supply chains and diversifying food production

Consider how technology can be incorporated into agriculture

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



FOOD SUPPLY



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The different sources of food and where it is located

The different signs that might be needed (think arrows and icons)

What colour coding and other design features might be useful

The use of easy-to-understand symbols and icons

How the signs might be enhanced to help people who speak different languages or for people with low or no vision

RULES

You must:

Consider how food is supplied and produced

Consider how technology has been incorporated into agriculture

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original food supply card

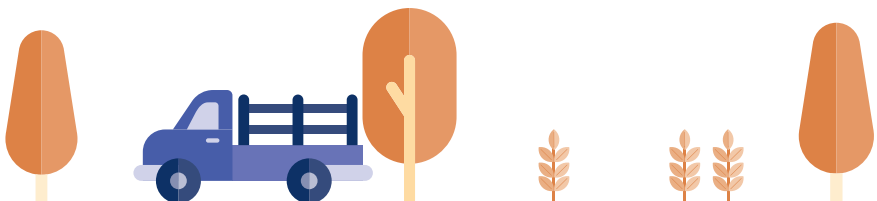
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

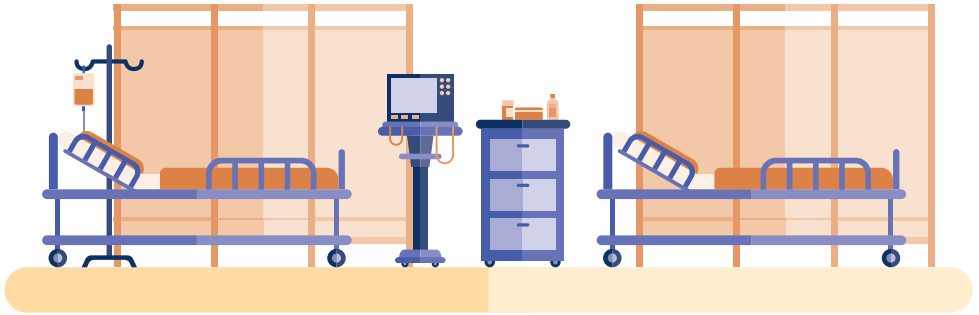
Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original food supply card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of food supply in Victoria 2050



HEALTH SERVICES



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on health services. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into:

- Access to health care in regional areas
- The use of integrated community care, especially to support chronic disease management

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a book cover that captures the types of stories people might tell about health services in Victoria in 2050. Consider:

What is the genre of the stories that people might tell (adventure, drama, comedy, romance ...)?

What might the title of the book be?

What picture or illustration would be on the front cover?

What might the critics say about the story?

What might the blurb on the back of the book say? How would you summarise the story of health services in Victoria 2050?

RULES

You may:

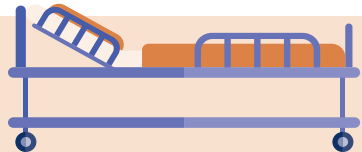
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the health services area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of health services in Victoria 2050



You must:

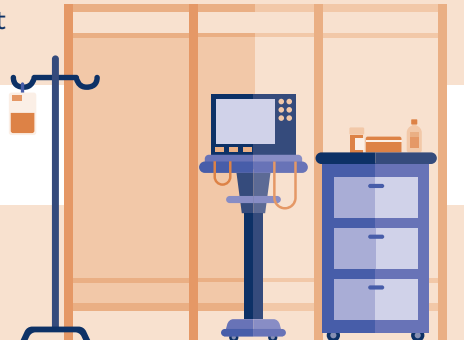
Consider access to health care in regional areas

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

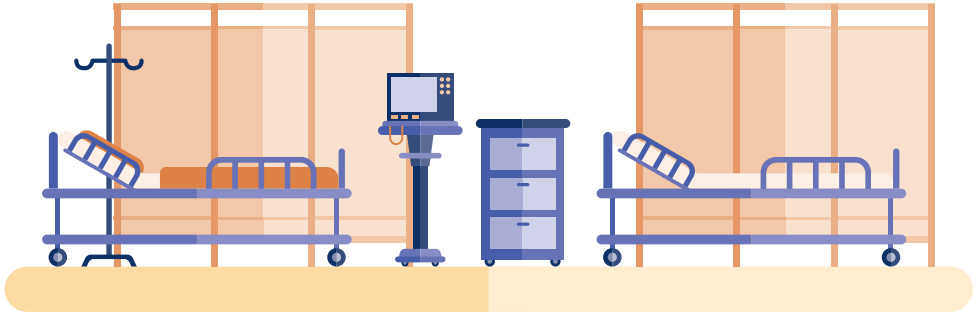
Consider the use of integrated community care, especially to support chronic disease management

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



HEALTH SERVICES



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on health services. Therefore, there has not been much consideration of:

- Access to health care in regional areas
- The use of integrated community care, especially to support chronic disease management

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What picture or illustration would be on the front cover?

What might the critics say about the story?

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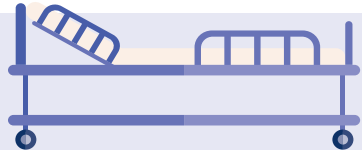
RULES

You must:

Consider access to health care in regional areas

Consider the use of integrated community care, especially to support chronic disease

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original health services card

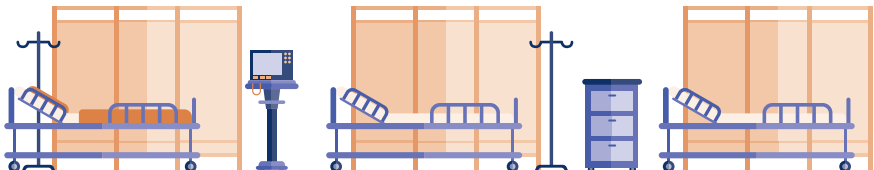
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original food supply card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of health services in Victoria 2050



HOUSING



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on housing. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into the:

- the location of housing to schools
- the distribution of population for electorates

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a menu that provides the housing options for the people of Victoria in 2050? Consider:

The names of the different types of housing available?

What, other than price, might determine the type of housing people choose

What 'ingredients' (features) are in each type of housing?

Whether people are able to make alterations or substitutions. If so, are there limitations? If not, why not?

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the original housing card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of housing in Victoria 2050



You must:

Consider the location of housing to schools

How the population has been distributed for elections

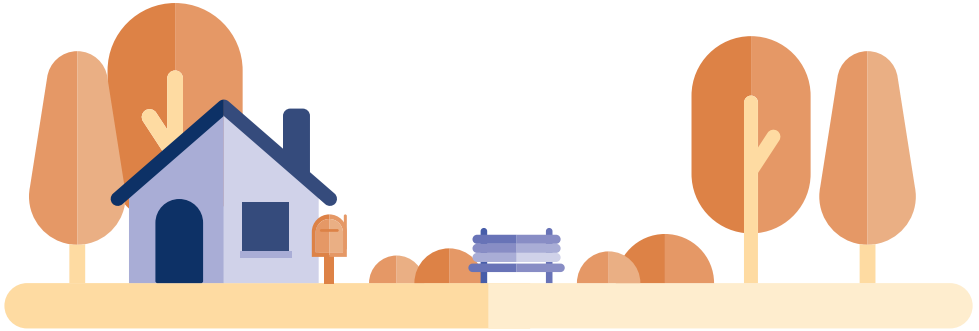
Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



HOUSING



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on housing. Therefore, there has not been much consideration of:

- the location of housing to schools
- the distribution of population for electorates

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Design a menu that provides the housing options for the people of Victoria in 2050. Consider:

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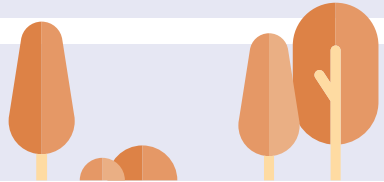
RULES

You must:

Consider the location of housing to schools

Consider how the population has been distributed for elections

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original housing area

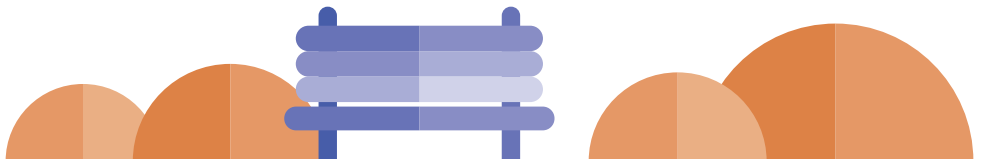
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

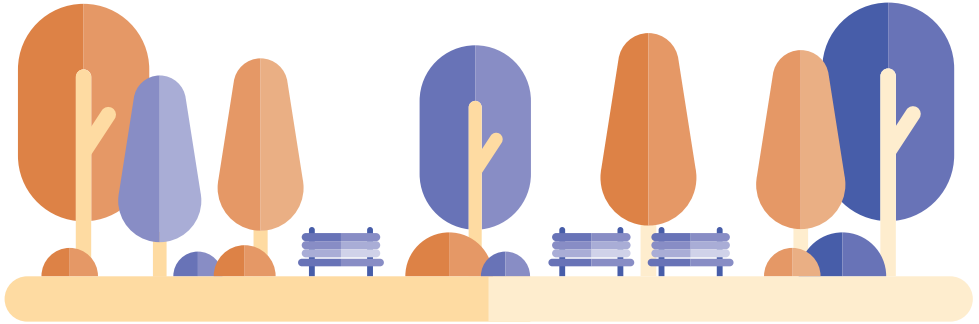
Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original housing area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of housing in Victoria 2050



GREEN SPACE



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on green space. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- expanding tree canopies in urban areas
- developing vertical and rooftop gardens

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a menu that provides details about the green spaces available to the people of Victoria in 2050. Consider the following:

The names of the different types of green spaces available?

What, other than price, might determine the type of green spaces people choose

What 'ingredients' (features) are in each type of green spaces?

Whether people are able to make alterations or substitutions. If so, are there limitations? If not, why not?

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the original green space card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of green space in Victoria 2050



You must:

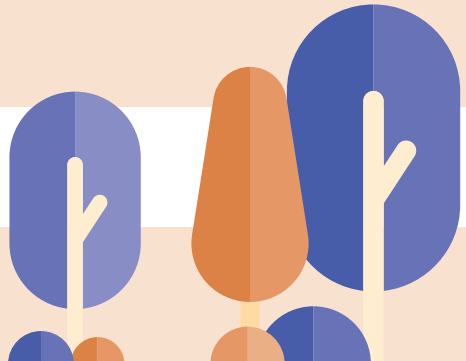
Consider expanding tree canopies in urban areas

How to develop vertical and rooftop gardens in new housing developments

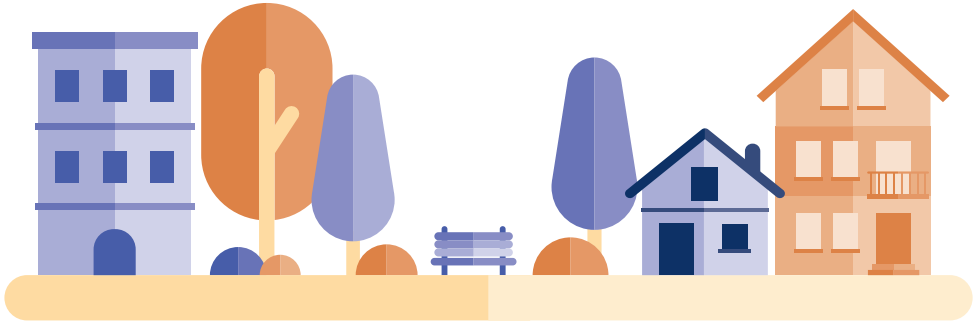
Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



GREEN SPACE



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on green space. Therefore, there has been less opportunity to put resources into:

- expanding tree canopies in urban areas
- developing vertical gardens and rooftop gardens

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a menu that provides the green spaces options for the people of Victoria in 2050? Consider:

The names of the different types of green space available?

What, other than price, might determine the type of green space people choose

What 'ingredients' (features) are in each type of green space?

Whether people are able to make alterations or substitutions. If so, are there limitations? If not, why not?

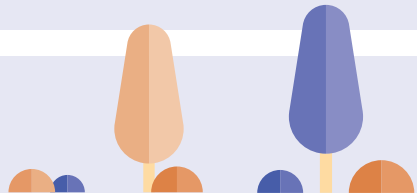
RULES

You must:

Consider how tree canopies have been expanded

Consider how vertical and rooftop gardens have been developed

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original green space card

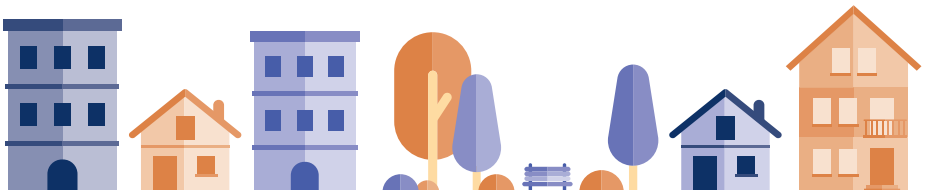
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original green space area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of green space in Victoria 2050



RETAIL AND BUSINESS



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on retail and business. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into the:

- Enhancing digital trade options
- New retail, hospitality and consumer services precincts

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design product packaging for the retail and business options available to the people of Victoria in 2050. Consider:

What is the name and description of the product?

Is there any advice on how to dispose of the packaging?

What is your product and what is the branding? (Think about design choices that suggest who the main audience is)

What are the ingredients and direction for use, as well as any important storage advice if applicable

How is the product packaged? For instance, does the packaging need to be durable, tamper proof, easy to reseal ...

RULES

You may:

Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the retail and business area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of retail and business in Victoria 2050



You must:

Consider how digital trade options have been enhanced

Consider the development of new retail, hospitality and consumer services precincts

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



RETAIL AND BUSINESS



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a **low** priority on retail and business. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into the:

- Enhancing digital trade options

- New retail, hospitality and consumer services precincts

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Design product packaging for the retail and business options available to the people of Victoria in 2050. Consider:

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Is there any advice on how to dispose of the packaging?

What is your product and what is the branding? (Think about design choices that suggest who the main audience is)

What are the ingredients and direction for use, as well as any important storage advice if applicable

How is the product packaged? For instance, does the packaging need to be durable, tamper proof, easy to reseal ...

RULES

You must:

Consider how digital trade options have been enhanced

Consider the development of new retail, hospitality and consumer services precincts

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original retail and business card

You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original retail and business card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of retail and business in Victoria



REPRESENTATION



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on representation. Therefore, there has been lots of thought put into:

- addressing barriers for disadvantaged groups
- the number of people each member of parliament represents

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of billboards that helps the people of Victoria in 2050 understand how they are represented in parliament. Consider:

What is the simple and bold messaging for the billboard?

What visuals and colours will be used?

What elements will you include to make the billboard memorable but also easy to read?

Where are the billboards going to be located? How will the location change what is on the billboard? (think about what design elements are included for the target audience in this area)

RULES

You may:

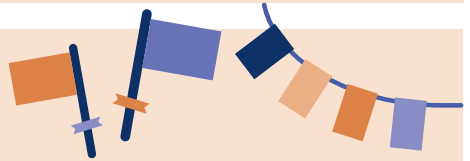
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the original representation card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of representation in Victoria 2050



You must:

Address some barriers for disadvantaged groups

Consider the number of people each member of parliament represents

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



REPRESENTATION



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on representation. Therefore, there has not been much consideration into:

- addressing barriers for disadvantaged groups
- the number of people each member of parliament represents

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of billboards that helps the people of Victoria in 2050 understand how they are represented in parliament. Consider:

What is the simple and bold messaging for the billboard?

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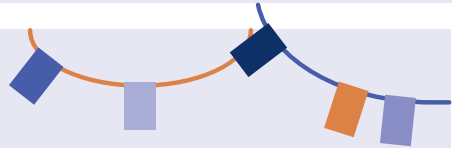
RULES

You must:

Address some barriers for disadvantaged groups

Consider the number of people each member of parliament represents

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original representation card

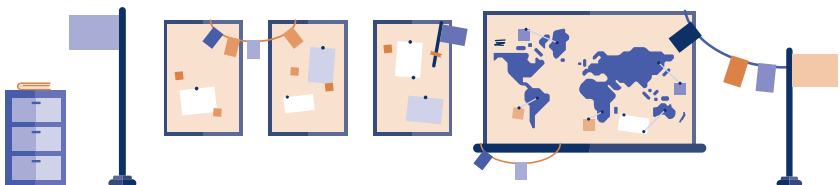
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original representation card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of representation in Victoria 2050



TRANSPORT



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on transport. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- building accessible transport that connects to housing, community spaces and employment
- improving public transport networks

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a book cover that captures the types of stories people might tell about transport in Victoria in 2050. Consider the following:

The genre of the stories that people might tell. Are they fact or fiction? (Also think about whether the stories are historical fiction, adventure, drama, comedy, romance, suspense ...)

The title of the book

What picture or illustration would be on the front

What might the critics say about the story

The details in the blurb on the back of the book. How would you summarise the story of transport in Victoria 2050?

RULES

You may:

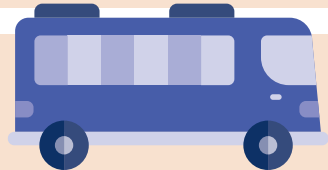
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the transport area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of transport in Victoria 2050



You must:

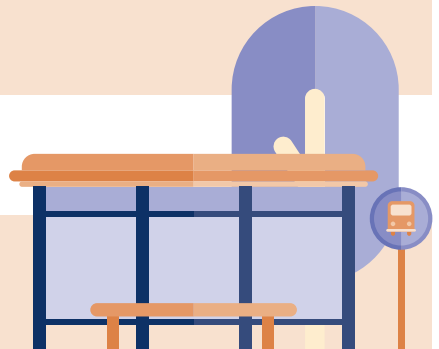
Consider how to improve public transport networks

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

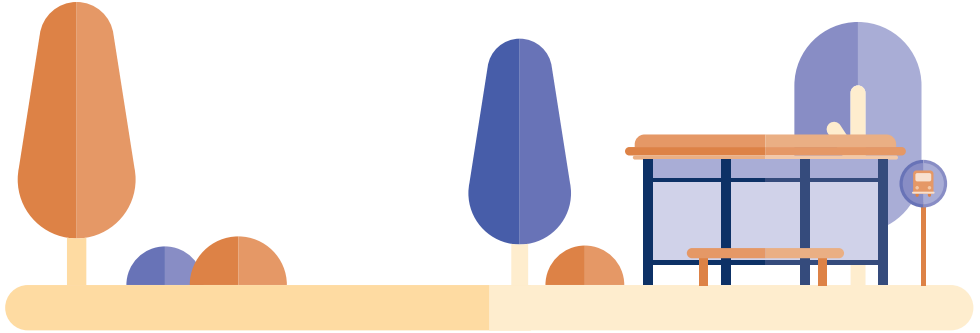
Consider how to connect housing developments, community spaces and employment with accessible transport

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



TRANSPORT



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a low priority on transport. Therefore, there has been not much consideration into:

- building accessible transport that connects to housing, community spaces and employment
- improving public transport networks

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a book cover that captures the types of stories people might tell about transport in Victoria in 2050. Consider the following:

The genre of the stories that people might tell. Are they fact or fiction? (Also think about whether the stories are historical fiction, adventure, drama, comedy, romance, suspense ...)

The title of the book

What picture or illustration would be on the front

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The details in the blurb on the back of the book. How would you summarise the story of transport in Victoria 2050?

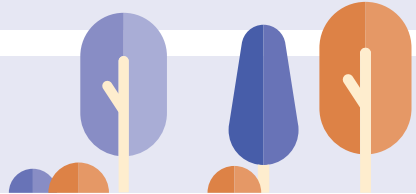
RULES

You must:

Consider how transport is built to connect to various services

Consider how public transport has been improved

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original transport card

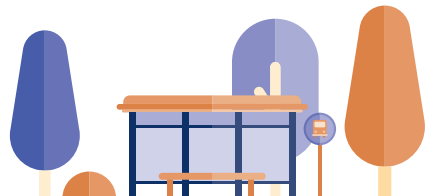
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original transport card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of transport in Victoria 2050



WASTE MANAGEMENT



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on waste management. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunities to consider:

- developing regional and local waste recovery businesses
- retro-fitting apartments for the collection and recycling of high volumes of waste

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of billboards that helps the people of Victoria in 2050 understand waste management. Consider the following:

The simple and bold messaging for the billboard

The visuals and colours that will be used

Any elements to make the billboard memorable but also easy to read

The location of the billboards. (Think about how the location might change the audience and what is on the billboard)

RULES

You may:

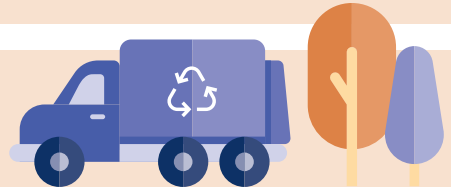
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the original waste management area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of waste management in Victoria 2050



You must:

Consider how to retro-fit apartments for waste collection and recycling

Consider developing regional and local waste recovery business

Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas

You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas



WASTE MANAGEMENT



VICTORIA 2050

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- developing regional and local waste recovery businesses
- retro-fitting apartments for the collection and recycling of high volumes of waste

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Any elements to make the billboard memorable but also easy to read

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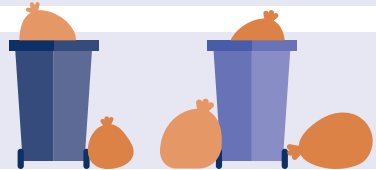
RULES

You must:

Consider how apartment buildings have been retro-fitted for waste collection

Consider how regional areas have developed local waste recovery businesses

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original waste management area card

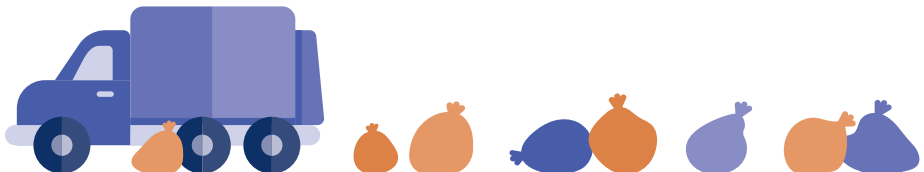
You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

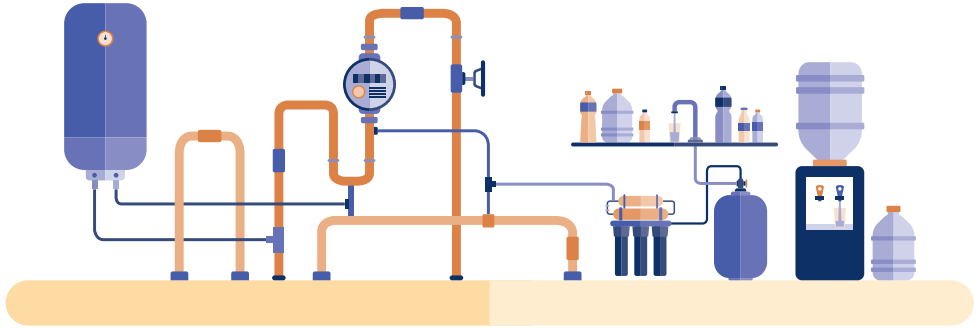
Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original waste management area card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of waste management in Victoria 2050



WATER SUPPLY



VICTORIA 2050

The parliament of the past decided to place a high priority on water supply. Therefore, there has been lots of opportunity to consider:

- Recycling of water for irrigation toilet flushing and industrial processes
- Reducing overall water usage

DESIGN CHALLENGE

Design a series of wayfinding signs (directions) that helps the people of Victoria in 2050 locate their food supply. Consider:

What are the different sources of food and where is it located?

What different signs might be needed? (think arrows and icons)

What colour coding and other design features might be able to help?

Will people be able to easily understand the different symbols and icons?

How might the signs be enhanced to help people who speak different languages or for people with low or no vision?

RULES

You may:

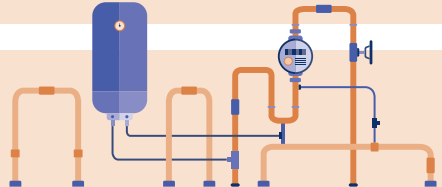
Ask for support and information from any other high priority area

Share, if asked, any information with another high priority area

Use any details from the scenario

Use any additional details from the water supply area

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of water supply in Victoria 2050

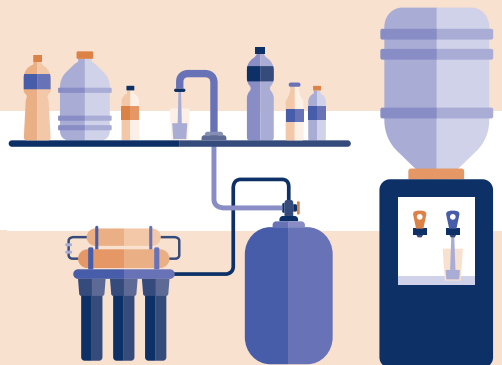


You must:

Consider how water can be recycled for irrigation toilet flushing and industrial processes

Consider how to reduce overall water usage

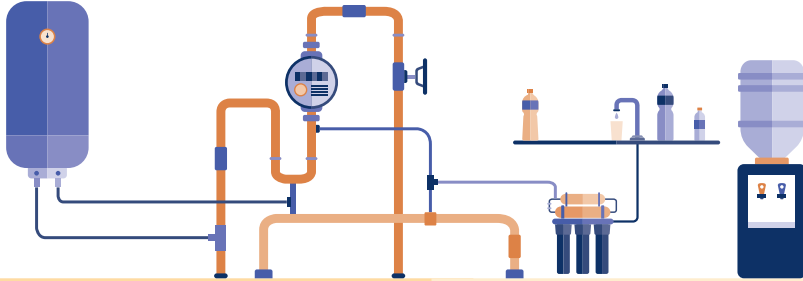
Ask for support and information from at least two other high priority areas



You must not:

Share information with any low priority areas

WATER SUPPLY



VICTORIA 2050

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You must:

Consider how water can be recycled for irrigation toilet flushing and industrial processes

Consider how to reduce overall water usage

Share, if asked, information with any high priority area



You may:

Use any details from the scenario

Use any current consideration details from the original water supply card

You must not:

Ask for support and information from any other area

Share any information with any other low priority area

Use any future consideration details from the original water supply card

Design a different type of artefact representing the future of water supply in Victoria 2050





GOVERNMENT PARTY

The government party is the party with the majority of seats in the Legislative Assembly (lower house).

Some questions to get started:

What is your party's name?

Who is your leader (the Premier)?

Who is the party's Minister for Victoria's Future?

What are your party's core values that can be used to help make decisions?

DECIDING ON THE PRIORITIES

The parliament has been presented with a research paper, called Victoria 2050. The paper summarises findings from committee reports and research from the Parliamentary Library.

FINDINGS

Victoria's population is predicted to reach 10 million.

There are 14 areas considered essential to Victoria's future development; limited resources suggest that not all of them can receive the same amount of attention.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That parliament:

- considers the impacts and benefits of population growth in its decision-making
- selects three areas of high priority
- selects three low attention areas, given the limitations on resources



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OPPOSITION PARTY

The opposition party is the party with the second largest number of members in the Legislative Assembly (lower house).

Some questions to get started:

What is your party's name?

Who is your leader (Opposition Leader)?

Who is the Shadow Minister for Victoria's Future?

What are your party's core values that can be used to help make decisions?

DECIDING ON THE PRIORITIES

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MINOR PARTY

A minor party may have some seats in the Legislative Assembly (lower house) and/or the Legislative Council (upper house).

Some questions to get started:

What is your party's name?

Who is your leader?

Who is the spokesperson for Victoria's Future?

What are your party's core values that can be used to help make decisions?

DECIDING ON THE PRIORITIES

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MINOR PARTY

A minor party may have some seats in the Legislative Assembly (lower house) and/or the Legislative Council (upper house).

Some questions to get started:

What is your party's name?

Who is your leader?

Who is the spokesperson for Victoria's Future?

What are your party's core values that can be used to help make decisions?

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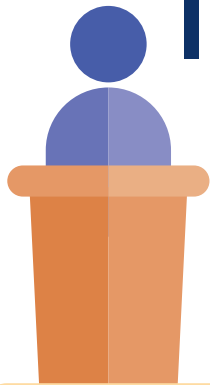
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INDEPENDENT PARTY

An independent is a member of parliament, but does not belong to any political party.

As an independent member, you :

don't have a party name

are the leader

are able to share your ideas about Victoria's Future

What are your core values that can be help make decisions?

DECIDING ON THE PRIORITIES

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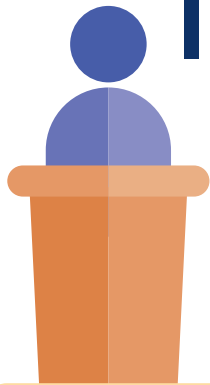
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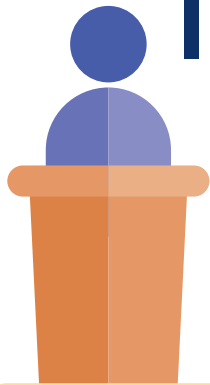
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