

# Appendix C

## Alternative text for figures

The following descriptions of the figures have been added to digital versions of this report. They are designed for people using assistive technologies to read the report.

C

### Chapter 3: How the VEC considers the needs of voters with disability

#### Figure 3.1 Targets for independent wheelchair access, 2022 and 2026

Bar graph showing targets, expressed as percentages of voting centres. The VEC increased the 2026 target for early voting centres to 35% after exceeding the 2022 target of 25%. The target for election-day voting centres remains unchanged at 25% after the VEC fell short of the 2022 target.

#### Figure 3.2 Targets for assisted wheelchair access, 2022 and 2026

Bar graph showing targets, expressed as percentages of voting centres. The target for early voting centres remains unchanged at 55% after the VEC fell short of the 2022 target. The VEC increased the 2026 target for election-day voting centres to 40% after exceeding the 2022 target of 15%.

### Chapter 6: Equipping voting centres

#### Figure 6.1 Standard compartments, low-level voting compartment and table-top voting screen

Photo 1: A row of eight standard voting compartments.

Photo 2: A low-level voting compartment, which is wider than the standard compartment, has a lower writing surface and has space for a wheelchair or chair under the writing surface.

Photo 3: A table-top voting screen sitting on a table. It has a flat writing surface and three vertical sides that form a privacy screen.

#### Figure 6.2 Communication board from the Voters Voice app

Screenshot of the Voters Voice app communication board. It has large icons of common phrases, high contrast colours, simple visual prompts and a space for the user to type.

## Chapter 7: Communication about voting and voting centres

### Figure 7.1 Unmet information needs at the 2022 election, based on respondents to the Committee's survey

Bar graph showing that respondents were most likely to need more information about who or what to vote for (7.8%). Other unmet information needs were about different ways to vote, how to fill out the ballot paper, how to vote with help from voting officials and how to enrol to vote.

### Figure 7.2 Information about the accessibility of voting centres on the VEC's website at the 2022 state election

Screenshot of a webpage listing three election-day voting centres. For each centre, there is an address and an accessibility rating (listed as 'AWA' or 'LNWA').

### Figure 7.3 Voting passport from the City of Bradford, United Kingdom

The two pages of the voting passport. It includes space to record personal details, support needs and preferred support arrangements. Plain language, large text, icons and check boxes are used, as well as photographs and illustrations related to voting and accessibility support.